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Corrigendum

Corrigendum to "Fluorinated methylenecyclopropane analogues of nucleosides. Synthesis and antiviral activity of (Z)- and (E)-9-{[(2-fluoromethyl-2-hydroxymethyl)-cyclopropylidene]methyl}adenine and -guanine" [Bioorg. Med. Chem. 16 (2008) 2148–2155]

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The following items should be corrected:

Page 2151, Table 3: Results for drugs **15a**, **15b**, **16a**, and **16b** could not be repeated and an amended Table 3 is given below.

Page 2148, Abstract line 5: the sentence "The adenine *Z*-isomer **15a** was found to be a potent inhibitor of Epstein–Barr virus (EBV) in vitro with EC_{50}/CC_{50} (μ M) 0.5/55.7." should be deleted.

Table 3Inhibition of replication of EBV with fluoromethyl methylenecyclopropane nucleoside analogs^a

Compound	EC ₅₀ /CC ₅₀ (μM) ^b	Selectivity index
2b	0.22/>45°	>205
5a	6.8/>213	>31.3
5b	8.0/>199	>24.9
6a	167/>209 ^d	>1.25
6b	29.1/>199 ^e	>6.8
15a	>20/24	<1.2
15b	>20/26	<1.3
16a	>20/96	<4.8
16b	69/82	1.2

 $^{^{\}text{a}}$ Akata cells, DNA hybridization assay. Acyclovir as a control had EC $_{50}$ 3.1 $\mu\text{M}.$

Page 2148, Abstract line 6: the sentence "Compounds **15b**, **16a**, and **16b** were also active but at higher concentrations, EC_{50}/CC_{50} (μ M) 3.2–7.5/53.6–64.1." should read "Compounds **15a**, **15b**, **16a**, and **16b** were not active against Epstein–Barr virus (EBV)."

Page 2150-51, Section 2.3, lines 7-23: the text reading "They were all effective against EBV in Akata cells using a DNA hybridization assay.²² The adenine analogue **15a** was the most potent (Table 3) and least cytotoxic. It was more effective than cyclopropavir (2b). The E-isomer 16a and guanine derivatives 15b and 16b were less effective than 15a. Interestingly, a somewhat similar anti-EBV activity pattern was found with Z- and E-isomers of fluoroanalogues⁷ **5a**, **5b**, **6a**, and **6b** which can be regarded as lower homologues of 15a, 15b, 16a, and 16b. However, an exact comparison is not possible because of the differences in assays. In the series of fluoroanalogues 7-12 only adenine Z-isomer8 9a was effective against EBV. It is likely that the mechanism of anti-EBV action of analogues 15a, 15b, 16a, and 16b includes their phosphorylation to triphosphates which then inhibit the viral DNA polymerase as suggested for other fluorinated methylenecyclopropane analogues. 7,8" should read "None of these analogues exhibited antiviral activity against EBV that could be separated from their cytotoxicity."

Page 2151, Section 3, line 3: the sentence "All analogues were inhibitors of replication of EBV in Akata cells with adenine derivative **15a** being the most potent with EC₅₀/CC₅₀ (μ M) 0.5/55.7." should be deleted.

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^b Results for analogues **5a–6b** were taken from Ref. 7 (DNA hybridization assay in Daudi cells).

^c Data from Ref. 22.

 $[^]d$ EC $_{50}$ 2.3 μM in viral capsid immunofluorescence (VCA) ELISA and 3.6 μM in Daudi cells (DNA hybridization).

 $^{^{\}rm e}$ EC₅₀ < 0.32 μ M in VCA ELISA.

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